CLASS – VIII (MATHEMATICS)

Set – B

1.	If $x < -\frac{37}{9}$, then x can be equal to				
	(A) –1	(B) -2			
	(C) –3	(D) none of these			
2.	Which of the following is correct? (A) $2 41 4$	(D) 2 4 41			
	(A) $\frac{1}{3} > \frac{1}{60} > \frac{1}{5}$	(B) $\frac{3}{3} < \frac{5}{5} < \frac{60}{60}$			
	(C) $\frac{2}{3} < \frac{41}{60} < \frac{4}{5}$	(D) $\frac{41}{60} < \frac{2}{3} < \frac{4}{5}$			
3.	The number of perfect squares upto 200 is (A) 12	(B) 13			
	(C) 14	(D) 15			
4.	The square of 1001 is (A) 10101	(B) 1002001			
	(C) 10200201	(D) None of these			
5.	If $x = a^{3/2}$; $y = \left(\sqrt{\frac{b}{a}}\right)$; $z = \left(\sqrt{b}\right)^3$ and x.y.z = 8000, then a is equal to				
	(A) 10 (C) 20	(B) 15 (D) 25			
6.	lf ∛5 = 1.710, then ∛320 is (A) 5.829	(B) 6.829			
	(C) 5.839	(D) 6.840			
_	9x+7 ($x-2$)				
7.	If $\frac{1}{2} - \left(x - \frac{1}{7}\right) = 36$, then x is equal to				
	(A) 9 (C) 11	(B) 10 (D) 12			
8	f(3x - 8)(3x + 2) - (4x - 11)(2x + 1) = (x - 1)(2x + 1)(2x + 1)(2x + 1) = (x - 1)(2x + 1)(2x + 1)(2x + 1) = (x - 1)(2x + 1)(2x + 1)(2x + 1)(2x + 1) = (x - 1)(2x + 1)(2	3) $(x + 7)$ then x is equal to			
0.	(A) 3	(B) 4			
	(C) 5	(D) 6			
9.	° and $(3x - 70)$ °. The value of x is				
	(A) 40° (C) 60°	(B) 50° (D) 90°			
10.	Diagonals of a rectangle ABCD meet at O. If (A) 6 cm	AC = 14cm, BO is equal to (B) 7 cm			

	(C) 8 cm	(D) 14 cm
11.	The bisectors of two adjacent angle of a parallelogr (A) 30° (C) 60°	am intersect at (B) 45° (D) 90°
12.	How many diagonals are there in a hexagon? (A) 6 (C) 9	(B) 8 (D) 10
13.	The number of times an observation occurs in a da (A) range (C) class size	ata is called its: (B) frequency (D) none of these
14.	The class marks of any interval are given by: (A) $\frac{\text{Upper limit + Lower limit}}{2}$ (C) $\frac{\text{Lower limit } \times \text{Upper limit}}{2}$	(B) $\frac{\text{Upper limit} - \text{Lower limit}}{2}$ (D) $\frac{\text{Lower limit} - \text{Upper limit}}{2}$
15.	The x-coordinate of every point on y-axis is (A) zero (C) two	(B) one (D) none of these
16.	The y-coordinate of every point on x-axis is (A) one (C) zero	(B) two(D) none of these
17.	If 2A = 3B and 4B = 5C, then A : C = ? (A) 4 : 3 (C) 3 : 4	(B) 8 : 15 (D) 15 : 8
18.	What least number must be subtracted from remainders are in proportion? (A) 6 (C) 3	each number 23, 40, 57 and 108 so that (B) 9 (D) 5
19.	The value of (51) ³ + (49) ³ is (A) 5 ⁶ 2 ⁴ – 300 (C) 250000	(B) $5^{6}2^{4} + 299$ (D) $5^{6}2^{4} + 300$
20 .	The value of p in (x – 5) (x – 2) = x ² + px + 10 is (A) –3 (C) –7	(B) –5 (D) –9
21.	The factor of $125(2x + 3y)^3 - (2x - 3y)^3$ is: (A) $(8x + 18y)(124x^2 + 189y^2 + 288xy)$ (C) $(8x + 18y)(70x^2 + 79y^2 + 1250xy)$	(B) $(8x + 18y)(115x^2 + 72y^2 + 125xy)$ (D) None of these
22.	The factor of $1 - (b - c)^2$ is: (A) $(1 + b + c)(1 + b - c)$ (C) $(1 - b + c)(1 + b - c)$	(B) $(1 - b + c)(1 + b + c)$ (D) none of these

23.	If $\left(\frac{1}{x}\right)^{-\frac{3}{4}} = 8$ then x =	
	(A) 8 (C) 12	(B) 16 (D) 18
24 .	The mixed radical $\sqrt[5]{486}$ can be express (A) $2^{5/2}$	sed as
	(A) 3√2 (C) 3√2	(D) $4\sqrt{2}$ (D) $4\sqrt{2}$
25.	In a map, 0.8 cm can represents 8.8 km. H	low much distance will be represented by 80.5 cm on
	(A) 805 km	(B) 885.5 km
	(C) 664 km	(D) none of these
	(0) 0011111	
26	If $x + 5 \cdot x + 9 = 2 \cdot 3$ then $x = 2$	
20.	(A) 2	(B) 3
	$(\Gamma) 4$	(D) none of these
	(0) +	
27.	If the speed of water in the pipe is 30 cm having an area of cross section of 5 cm ² (A) 8 litres	n/sec then the volume of water flowing out of a pipe in one minute, is equal to: (B) 9 litres
	(C) 7 litres	(D) none of these
28.	Area of a cuboid is 400 cm ² . If length equal to: (A) 5 cm (C) 20 cm	and breadth are 10 cm and 5 cm, then its height is (B) 10 cm (D) none of these
29.	The remainder when 83561379 is divided b	by 11, is
	(A) 10	(B) 8
	(C) 0	(D) none of these
	A + A + A	
30.	In cryptarithm —, the value of A is BA	
	(A) 2	(B) 3
	(C) 5	(D) 7
31.	In a prism, side faces are	(P) restandle
	(A) square (C) parallelogram	(D) triangle
32.	In a right prism, the angle between the la (A) 30° (C) 90°	ateral edge and its base is (B) 60° (D) 0°

33.	If $k = \frac{a+b}{a-b}$, where $a = \frac{2}{5}$, $b = \frac{1}{2}$, then k is equal to				
	(A) 9 (C) –9	(B) 10 (D) –10			
34.	The least number of 4 digits which is perfect square (A) 1000 (C) 1024	e is (B) 1004 (D) none of these			
35.	The value of $[(4^2 + 3^2)^{1/2}]^3$ is equal to (A) 729 (C) 1331	(B) 125 (D) none of these			
36.	The solution of $\frac{1}{y+1} + \frac{1}{y+2} = \frac{2}{y+10}$ is (A) $y = -\frac{26}{17}$ (C) $y = -\frac{25}{16}$	(B) $y = -\frac{25}{17}$ (D) none of these			
37.	Diagonals of a rhombus are 6cm and 8cm respect (A) 3 cm (C) 5 cm	ively. The side will be equal to (B) 4 cm (D) 6 cm			
38.	If each interior angle of a regular polygon is 135°. T (A) 6 (C) 8	Then number of sides are (B) 10 (D) 6			
39.	The probability that a card drawn from a pack of 52 (A) $\frac{2}{13}$ (C) $\frac{1}{13}$	cards will be a diamond is: (B) $\frac{1}{4}$ (D) $\frac{1}{52}$			
40.	The point where the two axes intersect is called (A) origin (C) intial point	(B) co-ordinate (D) none of these			

41. At a certain party the ratio of boys to girls was 5 : 3 initially. If after 10 boys left, the ratio became 1 : 1, then how many people were there at party initially?

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(A) 48	(B) 32
(C) 64	(D) 40

(B) $x^{2}(3 + x^{3})$ (D) $x^{3}(3 + x^{2})$

- 42. Product of (7x + y) and (x + 5y) is equal to (A) $7x^2 - 36xy + 5y^2$ (B) $7x^2 - 36xy + 35y^2$ (B) $7x^2 - 36xy + 35y^2$ (D) none of these
- 43. The factor of $3x^2 + x^5$ is: (A) $x(3 + x^3)$ (C) $x^2(3 + x^2)$
- 44. $\sqrt{2^{x}} = 32$ then $\frac{x-1}{x}$ is equal to (A) 9 (B) 0.9 (C) 10 (D) $\frac{10}{9}$
- 45. Three taps A, B and C can fill a tank in 10 minutes, 15 minutes and 20 minutes respectively. If the tap were shut off after 5 minutes. What is the volume of water that over flowed (in %).

