2024 - 2025 PRACTICE PAPER

Class-6th (Science) Set – D

TIME: 1Hr	M M: 180
Instructions:	
• Choose the correct answer by circling the letter of your choice in OMR sheet.	

•	• Choose the correct answer by circling the letter of your choice in OMR sheet.		
•	There is only one correct answer for each q	uestion.	
•	Each correct answer carring 1 mark and -1 for incorrect		
•	Attempt all questions.	695	
1. Cinnamon, turmeric, chilly powder etc. are examples of:		are examples of:	
	(A) Vegetables	(B) Spices	
	(C) Animal products	(D) Milch animals	
2.	Which one of the following can't be digested by our body?		
	(A) Rice	(B) Roughage	
	(C) Pulses	(D) Proteins	
3.			
	(A) Omnivorous animal	(B) Oil-yielding plant	
	(C) Insectivorous plant	(D) Insect	
4.	Which of the following is essential for b	ody growth and formation of new cells?	
	(A) Minerals	(B) Carbohydrate	
	(C) Proteins	(D) Vitamins	
5.	Which of these provides energy?		
	(A) Vitamins	(B) Minerals	
	(C) Carbohydrates	(D) Water	
6.	Which of these forms most of our body	weight?	
	(A) Proteins	(B) Fats	

	(C) Carbohydrates	(D) Water
7.	Select the odd one out:	
	(A) Cotton	(B) Jute
	(C) Wool	(D) Rayon
8.	Biodegradable substances are	
	(A) Which are decomposed by bacterial	action
	(B) Which are not decomposed by bacte	erial action
	(C) Cotton and starch	
	(D) Both (A) and (C)	
9.	Which one is synthetic fibre	(2)
	(A) Wool	(B) Nylon
	(C) Silk	(D) Cotton
10. Identify the odd one on the basis of the miscibility with		miscibility with water:
	(A) Milk	(B) Oil
	(C)Ink	(D) Alcohol
11.	. Which of the following is/are bad conductor(s) of heat?	
	(A) Wood	(B) Plastic
	(C) Glass	(D) All of these
12.	Cooking utensils can be made up of	
	(A) Aluminium	(B) Wood
	(C)Plastics	(D)None of these
13.	The motion of the arms of soldiers on a march past is	
	(A) circular	(B) oscillatory

	(C) random	(D) nonperiodic	
14.	. The ticker-timer is often used in the laboratories to measure		
	(A) speed	(B) units of electricity	
	(C) time interval	(D) mass	
15.	Which flower gives off the smell of rotting	g meat to attract pollinating flies?	
	(A) Rafflesia	(B) Lily	
	(C) Rose	(D) Lavender	
16.	Which green pigment is responsible for	trapping sunlight?	
	(A) Carbohydrates	(B) Chlorophyll	
	(C) Stomata	(D) Polysaccharide	
17.	In which plant, leaves are modified into	spines for defence?	
	(A) Lentil	(B) Glory lily	
	(C) Dagger plant	(D) Pea	
18.	The liquid collected after decantation is	called	
	(A) Decanted liquid	(B) Sedimented liquid	
	(C) Filtered liquid	(D) Supernatant liquid	
19.	Which method is best to separate Iron and Sulphur mixture?		
	(A) Magnetic separation	(B) Sieving separation	
	(C) Sedimentation	(D) Evaporation	
20.	To separate tea leaves from tea we use		
	(A) Filtration	(B) Sedimentation	
	(C) Decantation	(D) Sieving	
21.	When a change occurs		
	(A) Energy is always absorbed	(B) Energy is always evolved	

	(C) Energy is either absorbed or evolved (D) Energy changes do not occur		
22.	Evaporation of water is a		
	(A) Physical change	(B) Very fast change	
	(C) Irreversible change	(D) Chemical change	
23.	Solubility of sugar in water can be increased by		
	(A) Increase in temperature	(B) Decrease in temperature	
	(C) Increase in quantity of sugar	(D) None of these	
24.	The image formed by a plane mirror		
	(A) is an erect image.		
	(B) is of the same size as that of object.		
	(C) shows an interchange of 'right and left'.		
	(D) shows all the three characteristics listed above.		
25. We are able to see different objects around us through		und us through	
	(A) their shadows.	(B) regular reflection.	
	(C) both regular and diffused reflection.	(D) diffused reflection.	
26.	The pinhole camera produces		
	(A) an erect and enlarged image.	(B) an inverted and enlarged Image.	
	(C) an inverted and diminished image.	(D) an erect and diminished image.	
27.	Doctors who help to heal injuries of bones, joints and the muscles attached to bones are called		
	(A) Dentist	(B) Paediatrician	
	(C) Orthopaedic surgeons	(D) Nephrologists	
28.	What is the function of the skeletal syste	em?	

	(A) Support the body	(B) Give shape to the body		
	(C) Work with muscles to move the body (D) All of the above			
29.	What makes up the skeletal syste	What makes up the skeletal system?		
	(A) Blood	(B) Organ		
	(C) Bones	(D) Tissues		
30.	Examples of two aquatic organism	ns are :		
	(A) Elephants and fishes	(B) Whales and dolphins		
	(C)Lotus and tomato	(D) Hydrilla and banana		
31.	The taste of water is due to :			
	(A) Oxygen	(B) Non-Metals		
	(C) Dissolved salts	(D) Metals		
32.	When switch is current does not flow :			
	(A) Open	(B) Isolated		
	(C) Closed	(D) None of these		
33.	Direction of current is:			
	(A) From positive terminal to negative always			
	(B) From negative terminal to positive always			
	(C) Cannot be determined			
	(D) Depends on the appliances co	nnected		
34.	The nature of charge on an electron is:			
	(A) Positive	(B) Negative		
	(C) Neutral	(D) None of these		
35.	Deer have eyes on the sides of th	e head to:		

	(A) Look in all directions at the same time	e (B) Judge distances	
	(C) See in the dark	(D) Make out shapes	
36.	Organisms that cannot be seen with the naked eye are known as:		
	(A) Macro-organisms	(B) Microorganisms	
	(C) Mini-organisms	(D) Mega-organisms	
37.	Which of these enable the nutrients animals to go back to the soil after they		
	(A) Producer	(B) Primary consumers	
	(C) Decomposers	(D) Secondary consumers	
38.	Mark odd one out among the following:		
	(A) Fruit, vegetable peels, meat and bor	nes (B) leaves, flowers, paper	
	(C) Pencil shavings, wooden chairs, leav	ves (D)Plastics <mark>, met</mark> al, glass	
39.	Which of these methods is used to reduce the amount of gaseous wast being released into the air?		
	(A) Use of unleaded fuels automobiles	(B) Catalytic converters in	
	(C) Use of CNG	(D) All of the above	
40.	waste is that waste which is capable of being broken down living organisms called microorganisms.		
	(A) Biodegradable	(B) Non-biodegradable	
	(C) Artificially degradable	(D) Non-degradable	
41.	If some material is burnt in a closed production of excess :	room, we feel suffocation due to the	
	(A) CO	(B) CO ₂	
	$(C)O_2$	(D) N ₂	
42.	Oxygen is a :		
	(A) Colourless gas	(B) Odourless gas	

	(C)Tasteless gas	(D)All of thes
43.	Which pole of a magnet in a compass points north?	
	(A) North Pole	(B) South Pole
	(C) Neutral pole	(D) none of these
44.	4. What advantage does an electromagnet have over a permanent magn	
	(A) A permanent magnet cannot be used to pickup nickel	
(B) An electromagnet is lighter		
	(C) An electromagnet can be used for picking up more metals.	
	(D) An electromagnet can be switch off.	
45.	5. How can an electromagnet be made stronger?	
	(A) Add more coils of wire	(B) Add an iron core
	(C) Increase the voltage	(D) All are correct